

## DR-003-2016003 Seat No.

## B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2019) Examination

April - 2022

Mathematics: Paper-10 (A)

(Optimization & Numerical Analysis-II)

Faculty Code: 003 Subject Code: 2016003

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours] [Total Marks: 70 **Instruction:** Answer all questions. 1 (A) Answer the following questions: 4 What do you mean by Artificial variable? (1) (2) What do mean by Standard form LPP? (3) Name three different methods to solve LPP. In the two-phase method, variable is never (4) considered for re-entry in to the basis. 2 (B) Answer any one: (1) Define: (1) Unbounded Solution (2) Optimum basis feasible solution. (2) Define: (1) Slack Variable (2) Surplus Variable (C) Answer any one: 3 Explain Primal-dual relationship. Explain the graphical method for optimization. (D) Answer any one: 5 (1) Using Graphical method Maximize  $Z = 11x_1 + 9x_2$ , subject to  $3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 8$ ,  $2x + 3x_2 \le 7$  and  $x_1 \ge 0$ ,  $x_2 \ge 0$ 

(2) The manager of an oil refinery must decide on the optimum mix of two possible blending processes of which the inputs and outputs per production run are as follows:

| _       | Input(units) | _       | Output(units) | 1          |
|---------|--------------|---------|---------------|------------|
| Process | Crude A      | Crude B | Gasoline X    | Gasoline Y |
| 1       | 5            | 3       | 5             | 8          |
| 2       | 4            | 5       | 4             | 4          |

The maximum amount available of crudes A and B is 200 units and 150 units respectively. Market requirements show that at least 100 unit of gasoline X and 80 units of gasoline Y must be produced. The profits per production run from process 1 and process 2 are Rs. 300 and Rs. 400 respectively. Solve the LP problem by graphical method.

2 (A) Answer the following questions:

- 4
- (1) What is called feasible solution in Transportation Problem?
- (2) Riddhi found a transportation problem having three rows and five columns. Jigna asked her how many positive allocations be made for Basic Feasible Solution? Anita spoke "Five" in between their talk. Riddhi replied "Nine." Jigna said "Fifteen" What is the correct answer?
- (3) Foram asks a question to Nisha, "What is called Optimal Solution in Transportation Problem?" What is the correct answer?
- (4) "What is called degenerate B.F.S?", Jayesh asked Chirag. What was the correct answer given by him?
- (B) Answer any one:

2

- (1) State mathematical form of transportation problem.
- (2) Find the initial solution of the following transportation problem by NWCM.

|            | W1 | W2 | W3 | Supply |
|------------|----|----|----|--------|
| <i>F</i> 1 | 2  | 7  | 4  | 5      |
| F2         | 3  | 3  | 1  | 8      |
| F3         | 5  | 4  | 7  | 7      |
| F4         | 1  | 6  | 2  | 14     |
| Demand     | 7  | 9  | 18 | 34     |

(C) Answer any one:

3

- (1) Explain NWCM.
- (2) Explain LCM.

(D) Answer any one:

5

(1) Find the optimum solution of the following using MODI method.

|        | W1 | W2 | W3 | Supply |
|--------|----|----|----|--------|
| F1     | 2  | 7  | 4  | 5      |
| F2     | 3  | 3  | 1  | 8      |
| F3     | 5  | 4  | 7  | 7      |
| F4     | 1  | 6  | 2  | 14     |
| Demand | 7  | 9  | 18 | 34     |

(2) Explain Hungarian method.

**3** (A) Answer the following questions:

1

- (1) To interpolate near the middle of difference table which formula will be useful?
- (2) Write Gauss forward interpolation formula.
- (3) Write the range of P for which the Gauss forward interpolation formula is useful.
- (4) In which condition Laplace -Everett's formula can give accurate result ?
- (B) Answer any one:

2

- (1) If  $y_2 = 10$ ,  $y_1 = 8$ ,  $y_0 = 5$ ,  $y_{-1} = 10$ , then find  $\frac{y_1}{2}$  using Gauss's forward interpolation formula.
- (2) If  $f(x) = x^3 2x$ , then find f(2, 5, 9, 10).
- (C) Answer any one:

3

- (1) Prove that divided differences are symmetric in all their arguments.
- (2) If  $f(x) = x^{-1}$  then show that  $f(x_0, x_1, ..., x_n) = \frac{(-1)^n}{x_0 x_1 ... x_n}$
- (D) Answer any one:

5

(1) Taking x = a, b, c, d find first three divided differences of

$$\frac{1}{x^2}$$

- (2) Apply Lagrange's formula inversely to find the root of f(x) = 0 given that f(30) = -30, f(34) = -13, f(35) = 3, f(42) = 18.
- 4 (A) Answer the following questions:

4

- (1)  $\frac{dy}{dx}_{at x=x_0} =$ \_\_\_\_. Fill in the blank.
- (2) What is the general quadrature formula?

| (3)              | trapezoidal rule?  |
|------------------|--|
| (4)              | Write Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule.  |
|                  | wer any one:   |
| (1)              | In usual notation prove that   |
|                  | $D = \frac{1}{h} \left( \nabla + \frac{\nabla^2}{2} + \frac{\nabla^3}{3} + \frac{\nabla^4}{4} + \dots \right)$     |
| (2)              | Find the value of $\int_2^6 \frac{dx}{x}$ by trapezoidal rule.   |
|                  | wer any one:   |
| (1)              | Derive general quadrature formula.   |
| (2)              | In usual notation prove that $D^3 = \left[ \nabla^3 + \frac{3}{2} \nabla^4 + \frac{7}{4} \nabla^5 + \dots \right]$ |
| Ans              | wer any one:   |
|                  | Derive formula of derivatives using Newton's forward formula.  |
| (2)              | Find Second derivative of $f(x)$ at 1.5 for the following table.   |
|                  | X 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 4  |
|                  | X     1.5     2     2.5     3     3.5     4       F(x)     3.375     7     13.625     24     38.875     59         |
| Ans              | wer the following questions:  4  |
| (1)              | In Milne's predictor formula, integration is taken in the interval Fill in the blank.                              |
| (2)              | Find the value of k <sub>1</sub> in the solution of  |
|                  | $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x + y^2$ , $y(1) = 1.2$ by Range's method.   |
| (3)              | Find the value of $y$ at $x = 0.2$ by Euler's method :   |
|                  | $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + y, y(0) = 1$   |
| (4)              | Write Milne's Corrector formula.   |
| Ans              | wer any one:   |
| (1)              | Explain Taylor's method to solve ordinary differential equation.   |
| (2)              | Use Euler's modified method to obtain $y(0.25)$ given that $y' = 2xy$ , $y(0) = 1$                                 |
| Ans              | wer any one: $3$   |
| (1)              | Explain Picard's method to solve ordinary differential equation.   |
| (2)              | Explain Euler's improved method.   |
|                  | wer any one:  5 Evenlain Pangala method  |
| (1)<br>(2)       | Explain Range's method.  Explain Range Kutta's method.   |
| \ <del>-</del> / |  |

(B)

(C)

(D)

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

5